

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: MAJOLINE

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Beauty cream all metals.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: V. JAPHET.

Address: 42, Boulevard de la Bastille.75012.PARIS.France.

Telephone: +33 (0)6 07 12 46 15. Fax: -.

Email: valerie.japhet@liane.net http://www.majoline.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# Other emergency numbers

UK National Poisons Emergency number: 0870 600 6266

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present a health hazard with the exception of possible occupational exposure thresholds (see paragraphs 3 and 8).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

Detergent mixture (see section 15).

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

No labelling requirements for this mixture.

# 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

# **Composition:**

| Identification                     | (EC) 1272/2008      | Note | %              |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------|----------------|
| CAS: 1344-28-1                     |                     | [1]  | 25 <= x % < 50 |
| EC: 215-691-6                      |                     |      |                |
| REACH: 01-2119529248-35            |                     |      |                |
|                                    |                     |      |                |
| ALUMINIUM OXIDE (AL2O3)            |                     |      |                |
| EC: 919-857-5                      | GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 |      | 10 <= x % < 25 |
| REACH: 01-2119463258-33            | Dgr                 |      |                |
|                                    | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  |      |                |
| HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES,   | Asp. Tox. 1, H304   |      |                |
| ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS | STOT SE 3, H336     |      |                |
|                                    | EUH:066             |      |                |

# **Information on ingredients:**

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Refer the patient to an ophthalmologist, in particular if there is any redness, pain or visual impairment.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

#### In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

# Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

# Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **8.1.** Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

| CAS       | TWA:     | STEL: | Ceiling: | Definition: | Criteria: |
|-----------|----------|-------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1344-28-1 | 10 mg/m3 | -     | -        | -           | -         |

- Belgium (Order of 19/05/2009, 2010) :

| CAS       | TWA:     | STEL: | Ceiling: | Definition: | Criteria: |
|-----------|----------|-------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1344-28-1 | 10 mg/m3 |       |          |             |           |

- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :

| CAS       | VME-ppm: | VME-mg/m3: | VLE-ppm: | VLE-mg/m3: | Notes: | TMP No: |
|-----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|--------|---------|
| 1344-28-1 | -        | 10         | -        | -          | -      | -       |

- Switzerland (SUVA 2015):

| CAS       | VME       | VLE        | Valeur j | platond | Notations |
|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| 1344-28-1 | 3 a mg/m3 | 24 a mg/m3 |          |         |           |
|           |           |            |          |         |           |

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

| CAS       | TWA:    | STEL: | Ceiling: | Definition: | Criteria: |
|-----------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1344-28-1 | 4 mg/m3 |       |          |             |           |

# Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic el

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 208 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 871 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 125 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 185 mg of substance/m3

# 8.2. Exposure controls

# Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

#### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **General information:**

Physical state: Paste.

# Important health, safety and environmental information

pH: Not relevant. Flash point interval: Not relevant.

Vapour pressure (50°C): Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density: > 1
Water solubility: Insoluble.

# 9.2. Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- frost
- sparks

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- oxidising agents

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

#### 11.1.1. Substances

# Acute toxicity:

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

 $Dermal \ route: \\ LD50 > 5000 \ mg/kg$ 

Species : Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 4951 mg/m3

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.1.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Fish toxicity : LC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 1000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity : ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

# **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# 12.2.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK):

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws): Slightly hazardous for water.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

# 14.4. Packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

# - Container information:

No data available.

# - Particular provisions :

No data available.

# - Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006):

- 15 % or over but less than 30 % : aliphatic hydrocarbons

# - German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws): Slightly hazardous for water.

 $- Standardised\ American\ system\ for\ the\ identification\ of\ hazards\ presented\ by\ the\ product\ in\ view\ of\ emergency\ procedures\ (NFPA\ 704)$ 

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

# Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# **Abbreviations:**

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.